

Consider the sequence with $a_5 = 18$ and $a_{10} = 5$, and where each term is the previous term plus a fixed constant. SCORE: ____ / 7 PTS

- [a] Find the general formula for this sequence.

$$a_5 = a_1 + 4d = 18$$

$$a_{10} = a_1 + 9d = 5$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad 5d = -13$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad d = \frac{-13}{5} = -2.6$$

$$a_1 + 4\left(-\frac{13}{5}\right) = 18$$

$$a_1 - \frac{52}{5} = 18$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad a_1 = \frac{142}{5} = 28.4$$

$$a_n = \frac{142}{5} - \frac{13}{5}(n-1)$$

OR

$$a_n = 31 - \frac{13}{5}n \quad \textcircled{2} \quad \text{OK}$$

- [b] Use the general formula to find the 21st term of the sequence.

$$a_{21} = 31 - \frac{13}{5}(21)$$

$$= -\frac{118}{5} = -23.6$$

$$\textcircled{1}$$

- [c] Find the sum of the first 21 terms of the sequence. You must show the use of a series formula.

$$S_{21} = \frac{21}{2} (28.4 - 23.6) = 50.4 \quad \text{OR} \quad \frac{252}{5}$$

$\textcircled{1} \qquad \qquad \qquad \textcircled{1}$

Write the series $\frac{1}{1} - \frac{2}{2} + \frac{6}{4} - \frac{24}{8} + \frac{120}{16} - \frac{720}{32}$ in sigma notation.

SCORE: ____ / 4 PTS

$$\textcircled{\frac{1}{2}} \left[\sum_{n=1}^6 \underbrace{(-1)^{n+1}}_{\textcircled{\frac{1}{2}}} \underbrace{\frac{n!}{2^{n-1}}}_{\textcircled{1}} \right] \text{ OR } \sum_{n=0}^5 (-1)^n \frac{(n+1)!}{2^n}$$

★ SUBTRACT $\frac{1}{2}$ POINT IF THE INDEX UNDER Σ IS NOT THE VARIABLE IN THE FORMULA

Simplify the factorial expression $\frac{(5n)!}{(5n-2)!}$.

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$$\boxed{\frac{5n(5n-1)(5n-2)!}{(5n-2)!}} = \boxed{5n(5n-1)} \textcircled{2}$$

① ← OK IF WRITTEN

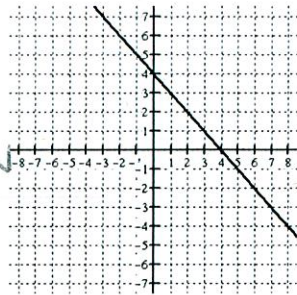
$$\frac{5n(5n-1)(5n-2) \cdots (2)(1)}{(5n-2) \cdots (2)(1)} \text{ INSTEAD}$$

Describe how the curves represented by the parametric equations $x = e^t$ and $x = \cos t$ differ.
 $y = 4 - e^t$ and $y = 4 - \cos t$

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NOTE: Both sets of equations correspond to the rectangular equation $y = 4 - x$ shown.

- ① AS t GOES FROM $-\infty$ TO ∞ ,
 $x = e^t$ GOES FROM ≈ 0 TO ∞ ,
SO GRAPH STARTS NEAR y -AXIS + GOES RIGHT/DOWN
- ② $-1 \leq \sin t \leq 1$, SO GRAPH OSCILLATES BETWEEN
 $x = -1$ $(-1, 5)$ AND $x = 1$ $(1, 3)$



Find the sum $\sum_{n=3}^6 (-1)^n (21 - n^2)$. You must show the terms being added.

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$$\underbrace{-12 + 5 + 4 - 15}_{(2)} = \underbrace{-18}_{(1)}$$

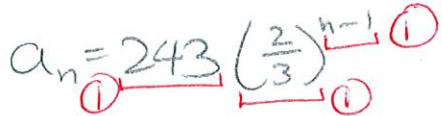
Find the general formula for the sequence 243, 162, 108, 72, 48, $\dots$.

SCORE: ____ / 3 PTS



Handwritten diagram showing the sequence terms with arrows indicating a common ratio of $\frac{2}{3}$.

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} & \frown & \frown & \frown & \frown & & \\ & * \frac{2}{3} & * \frac{2}{3} & * \frac{2}{3} & * \frac{2}{3} & & \end{array}$$



Handwritten general formula for the sequence with red annotations:

$$a_n = 243 \left(\frac{2}{3} \right)^{n-1}$$

The first term 243 is underlined in red with a circled 1 below it. The base $\frac{2}{3}$ is underlined in red with a circled 1 below it. The exponent $n-1$ is underlined in red with a circled 1 to its right.

Find parametric equations for the hyperbola with vertices $(\pm 4, 0)$ and foci $(\pm 6, 0)$.

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$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

$$36 = 16 + b^2$$

$$b^2 = 20$$

$$b = \underline{2\sqrt{5}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x &= 4 \sec t \\ y &= 2\sqrt{5} \tan t \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} - \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$$

Eliminate the parameter and write the rectangular equation for the curve represented by the parametric

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equations $x = \ln 3t$

$y = 4t^2$. Write your final answer as y in terms of x .

$$e^x = 3t \rightarrow \underline{t = \frac{1}{3}e^x} \quad (1\frac{1}{2})$$

$$y = 4\left(\frac{1}{3}e^x\right)^2$$

$$\underline{y = \frac{4}{9}e^{2x}} \quad (1\frac{1}{2})$$